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NAZIS LOSE 6,000 MEN

Reds Repel Many Counter-Attacks On Kuban Hill Position

MOSCOW, April 19.

The Germans have now lost nearly 6,000 men in a series of counter-attacks in the Kuban pocket of the Caucasus, writes Reuter's special correspondent. The Germans have gained no ground. The Red Army is pressing them hard. In the latest fighting Russian forces repulsed fresh German counter-attacks aimed at regaining a lost hill position in the Kuban bridgehead.

SEVEN NAZI ATTEMPTS FAIL

The Germans went over the top seven times in a daylong battle for the hill, but were beateen back on each occasion. The Germans also struck back at another point of the front, flinging in two infantry regiments but were beaten back with heavy losses, including 25 planes shot down and eight others damaged.

Latest front despatches report fierce clashes with Rumanians and Germans.

LUFTWAFFE BUSY

The Luftwaffe is very active attacking Russian front line divisions all day at heavy cost. Air activity has also been intensified at the other ends of the Russian front.

In an air battle at the approaches to Leningrad Eight German planes were brought down and another 19 machines were accounted for in a raid on a German aerodrome. The Germans meanwhile have not given up their bid to capture important Soviet bridgeheads on the Donetz and the threat is being taken seriously by Soviet military circles.

The supplement to to-day's midday Soviet 'communique' said: "In the Kuban Valley, one of our units repulsed enemy attacks. South of Izyum, a Soviet unit captured an advantageous position during the night 100 German officers and men were killed. On the north-western front, our troops were engaged in artillery duels silencing ten enemy artillery and six mortar batteries."—Reuter.

BR. EMPIRE IS PROP OF X'IAN CIVILISATION!

LONDON: Belief in the future and mission of Great Britain and the Empire was expressed by the Chancellor of Exchequer, Sir Kingsley Wood, at the annual meeting of the Primrose League on Monday.

Referring to India Viscount Bennett said: "The Government of India by Great Britain stands as one of the greatest acts of Government in history." He added that "without the British Empire this world Christian civilisation would collapse." Viscount Bennett, in the course of his speech remarked: "I never knew a Chinese I could not trust and I never knew a Japanese I could trust."—Reuter.

Tragic Note in Songs Of India

Under the auspices of the P.E.N. Bombay Branch, Prof. Devendranath Satyarthi gave a talk on Monday on "The Songs of Rural India." Mr. K. M. Munshi presided.

The speaker said that in these songs could be found the heart of ancient India. The songs were simple and spontaneous and composed as naturally and inevitably as monsoon clouds disgorging water. There were simple songs which showed wedded love, women fetching water from the village well etc. Some of them dealt with such topics as the squabbles between the mother-in-law and the daughter-in-law and of wife beating. These songs were important for they contained the rhythm and beat of ancient India.

Mr. Munshi said the tragic note in these songs was the result of the foreign rule in India for more than a 100 years. With a National Government in India they would throw up a joyous note as of old.

Prof. Satyarthi sang a number of rural songs in Hindi, Punjabi, Gujarati and other languages.

STOP PRESS

HITLER DID NOT WANT WAR!

BERLIN, April 19.

In a broadcast to the German people to-night on the occasion of Hitler's birthday to-morrow Dr. Goebbels said: "In his unobtrusive way of life and work he (Hitler) has come closer to our hearts. We have admired and adored him in the great, inspiring, victorious stages of this war. The Fuehrer did not want war and he tried to avoid it by every imaginable means, but now that it has been forced upon him he is fighting it at the head of his people with all its consequences.—Reuter.

Bigger Air Victory Than In Battle Of Britain

Air Marshal Broadhurst's Command Brings Down 74 Axis Planes

LONDON, April 19.

Allied Headquarters, North Africa: Fighters of the Desert Air Force scored the greatest Air victory of the war yesterday, when in a single engagement they destroyed 74 Axis aircraft. Not even during the battle of Britain were so many German aircraft destroyed in a single engagement as were brought down yesterday by 'Spitfires' and 'Warhawks' of Air Vice-Marshal Broadhurst's command.

FR. FORCES PUSH FORWARD

French forces pushing forward in the mountains on the left flank of the Eighth Army made further progress on Saturday night with a successful attack on Djeb-el-Jehes; 64 Italians were taken prisoner.

FIRST ARMY'S PROGRESS

The Algiers Radio said to-day. "The First Army continues to advance north-east of Medjez-el-Bab. As Gen. Anderson's soldiers advance the Axis resistance stiffens. The French, acting in liaison with the British, are exerting pressure from south of Pont du Fahs in the direction of Tunis.

The Allied air force is very active. American bombers have attacked troops concentrations in the neighbourhood of Medjez-el-Bab. In night raids Axis airfields are attacked."

OFFICIAL 'COMMUNIQUE'

Allied headquarters in North Africa: To-day's 'communique' from Gen. Eisenhower's headquarters says: "On the night of April 17|18 French forces made a successful local advance on the First Army front and took further prisoners. On the Eighth Army front patrol activity continues along the Enfidaville line.

74 NAZI PLANES DESTROYED

Yesterday fighters of the Tactical Air Force carried out numerous sweeps and patrols over forward areas, during the course of which they destroyed 5 enemy aircraft. "Warhawks' and "Spitfires' on patrol off the coast of Tunisia encountered a very large formation of "Junkers 52" strongly escorted by fighters. In a combat which followed, 58 Junkers 52s and 16 of their escorting fighters were destroyed. Coastal fighters on patrol yesterday destroyed one enemy aircraft.

Strong formations of "Flying Fortresses" of the Strategic Air Force made heavy attacks on marshalling yards and airfields at Palermo.

Attacks were made by B 25 "Mitchells" on an airfield in Sardinia and on shipping and harbour installations at Porto Torres. Two merchant vessels received direct hits, one being left in flames and the other sinking. On the night of April 17|18 medium and light bombers attacked enemy airfields in Tunisia and railway yard at Tunis. From all these operations eleven of our aircraft are missing.

NAZI RAID ON ALGIERS

Last night enemy bombers attempted to attack Algiers. Five of them were destroyed and only a very small number penetrated the defences. Few bombs dropped caused damage to civilian property and some casualties."

ROME: To-day Italian 'communique' said: "In Tunisia there has been intensified fighting. Palermo, Proto Torres and Spezia were bombed by American four-engined bombers. Damage at Palermo is very great."

BERLIN: To-day's German 'communique' said: "On the Tunisian front the day passed quietly."

What It Means To Axis

Reuter's military correspondent in North Africa wires:— There must have been indications that the Axis was preparing to evacuate technical personnel and other elements not directly employed in active operations. There would also be a large percentage of administrative staffs. The loss of such specialised troops will be a serious blow to the Axis. Junkers 52 transport planes can hold on an average 45 men, probably 50, with a squeeze; 58 of these planes would therefore represent nearly 3,000 men in addition to the crews of 16 Messerschmitts.

PAPEN LEAVES FOR BERLIN

LONDON, April 19.

German Radio announced that Von Papen, German Ambassador to Turkey, left Ankara this morning by air for Berlin to report. He is expected back at the end of this month.—Reuter.

RECORD OF INDIAN ARMY

British Press Tributes

LONDON, April 19.

"The Times" in an editorial pays tribute to the Fourth Indian Division from its first brilliant success at Sidi Barrani in December, 1940, up to March 25, last when it cleared difficult country without which it would have been impossible for General Montgomery to carry out his flanking movement against the Mareth defences.

"The Times" continues. "If there have been delays in the rearmament of India they have been due to deficiences of material resources there and in this country and to transport difficulties: never to a dearth of man-power which has been all along available in abundance.

And even now when the main handicaps have been overcome and India is approaching her due military strength, any shortcoming drives from the material and not from the human side.

The Indian army can hardly surpass its fighting record of the last war but in one respect it has made a distinct advance.

It now handles the most modern and complicated equipment better than it handled the most up-to-date of a generation ago though today's equipment demands considerably more skill and education than that of 1914/18.

Indian troops, perhaps as their best in mountains or desert war have also proved themselves highly adaptable just as they did in the last war when called upon to man the waterlogged defences of Neuve Chapelle.

As often in the past the Indian army has been a sure and steady support in the most difficult hours. Its part will be no less important in the achievement of victory."

"SUNDAY CHRONICLE'S" TRIBUTE

The "Sunday Chronicle" in a leader says Prime Minister Churchill's message praising the gallantry and devotion of the Indian troops in North Africa will find an echo in the heart of the British nation.

"These Indian troops and Indian war workers who supply them", the paper comments, "are giving yet another example of devotion and self-sacrifice offered by all members of the great British commonwealth of nations in the cause of freedom."

"TELEGRAPH" ATTACKS CONGRESS

No troops have better earned the title of veterans than the men of the Fourth Indian Division, writes the "Daily Telegraph" in an editorial to-day.

"Though the Fourth Division has had more fighting than any in the Indian army, many other formation given the same chances would undoubtedly show that it is a fair sample of the million or more Indians who have volunteered for service.

Mr. Churchill has had occasion to refer before to "the Martial valour of the sons of Hindustan" and that valour, already shown on many battlefields from Hongkong to Akarit, is an infinitely more powerful advocate of the claims of India than the vapourings and sabotage of the Congress Party."

Death Of Mr. J. H. Bulsara

The death occurred in Bombay of Mr. Jehangir H. Bulsara, former chief reporter of "The Bombay Chronicle", after a brief illness. Mr. Bulsara began his journalistic career as a member of the editorial staff of "The Sanj Vartaman." Later, he joined "The Bombay Chronicle." He left the "Bombay Chronicle" over fifteen years ago to do business on the Stock Exchange.

Novelist's Grandson Does It

LONDON, April 19.

British light coastal forces under the command of Lt. Peter G. C. Dickens early Sunday morning intercepted and engaged three German armed trawlers off Scheveningen near the Hague, Holland, states an Admiralty 'communique' to-day.

His Majesty's ships in the face of considerable gunfire sank one trawler, and then all the ships returned home safely, with one officer killed and two ratings slightly wounded.

Lt. Dickens is son of Admiral Gerald Dickens and great grandson of the novelist.—Reuter.

CITY MARKETS

Bombay, April 19.

SHARES: The local Stock Exchange was very steady with moderate buying. Extreme ease in Money market is attracting moderate support and quotations are hardening. Tata Steel Defd shares after improving to Rs. 2002/8 reacted to Rs 1985 but rallied to Rs. 1995. Ordinary shares were being done at Rs. 405. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs 1975 but after reacting to Rs. 1962 rallied to Rs 1970. Tone was steady.

TAX-FREE LOANS: 5 per cent 1945-55 Loan 108-3; 4 per cent 1955-63 Mysore 119; 6 per cent Mysore 1955 128.

TEXTILE: Ahmedabad Adv 497/8; Apollo Mills 7; Bharat Mills 99; Bom Dyeing 1965; Cent India 505; Century 847; Colaba Land 281; Dawn 1600; E D ord 20/4; E D defd 4/8; Edward Sassoon 532/8; Elphinstone Mill 115; Finlay 394; Gokak 410; Hindustan 4140; Ind Manfe 4300; Ind Bleaching 277; Indore Malwa 1310; Khatau 650; Kohinoor 831; Lakshmi 1605; Madhowji 33; Minerva 295; Model Nagpur 390; Madhusudan 672/8; Meyer Sassoon 192/8; Morarji 1150; Mysore 332/8; New City 455; New Great 470; New Phoenix 915; Podar Mills 377/8; Sassoon Cotton 31/8; Sassoon Silk 115; Sholapur 9750; Shri Nivas 522/8; Simplex 333; Svadeshi 629; Swan 375; Tata Mills 100; Vishnu 2810; Western India 3700.

INSURANCE: Bom Life 162/8; Empire Life 695; Oriental Life 5425.

HYDRO AND ELECTRIC: Ahmedabad 195; Ajmere Elec 14/12; And Valley ord xd 1820; Bom Suburban 190; Bom Tram ord 153; Broach 13/6; Karachi xd 266/4; Poona 305; Surat 191/4; Surat New Rs. 50 paid 70; Tata Hydro ord xd 190; Tata Power ord 1782.

BANK: Baroda Bank 125; Bank of India 170; Central Bank 62; Imperial F P 1750; Imperial P P 433/12; Reserve 108; Union 8/1.

INSURANCE: Indust and Prudent 34; Ind Mercantile 74; Jupiter 22; New India 79; Vulcan 17/7.

MISCELLANEOUS GROUP: Alembic Chem 335; Alcock Ashdown 840; Asso Cement 2350/8; B B Petrol 2-1 1/2; Belapur 649/8; Bom Burma Ord 330; Bom Burma New 1995; Bom Steam 602/8; Radio ord 430; Radio defd 442/8; Investment Trust 60; Prem Const 177; Port Canning 97; Scindia 32/2; Shivrajpur 73/8; Tata ord 405/8; Tata Defd 3001/4; Tata Chemical 33; Tata Oil 99; Wimco 382/8; Burma Corp 2/12; BIC ord 6/3; Ind Copper 2/10; Ind Iron 37/2; Steel Corp 26/6; New Viet ord 10/4.

COTTON: In sympathy with firmness of other markets the local cotton market opened steady at Rs. 560 for May delivery and declined to Rs 555 on scattered liquidation. Purchases of May are now being transferred to July owing shortage of godown accommodation and July is quoted at a premium of Rs. 17. Later on there was scattered buying and May quoted at Rs 557.

Later on the market was steady and prices improved to Rs. 559/8 and finally closed at 3 p.m. with May Rs 557/12 and July Rs. 574.

BULLION: London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York. London spot and forward silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d and New York spot silver was unchanged at 44 3/4 cents. The local market remains manipulated owing to option business. Gold options were declared at Rs. 80/3 Chaitra delivery opened at Rs. 79/12 and improved to Rs. 80/4. Silver options will be settled tomorrow. Chaitra silver opened at Rs. 116/12 and after advancing to Rs. 117/8 steadied at Rs. 117/4. Quotation were: Ready gold Rs. 80/10, Chaitra Rs. 80/4, Sovereigns Rs. 56/14 Ready silver Rs 117/10 and Chaitra Rs. 117/4. Later on the market was strong with heavy covering and in the absence of offerings prices advanced and closed at Rs. 82. Ready gold Rs. 81/8, Chaitra Rs. 118/14, Ready silver Rs. 118/8, Chaitra and Sovereigns Rs. 58.

SEEDS: The seeds market was fairly firm to-day with active buying. Groundnuts May opened at Rs. 108/4 and after advancing to Rs. 109/4 reacted to Rs. 108/8 while August delivery was quoted at Rs. 115/12 Castorseeds May were quoted at Rs. 104 and September business was done at Rs 110. Linseed May was very steady at Rs. 11-15-3 and September was done at Rs 12/14. Tone was very steady. Closing quotations were Groundnuts May opening Rs. 110; highest Rs. 110; lowest Rs. 109/4; closing Rs. 109/4; August opening Rs. 117; highest Rs. 117; lowest Rs. 115/14; closing Rs. 116. Castorseeds May opening Rs. 160/4; highest Rs. 106/8; lowest Rs. 105/4; closing Rs. 105/4; September opening Rs. 112/4; highist Rs. 113; lowest Rs. 112/4; closing Rs. 112/4. Linseed Bayy Rs. 12/2/6; September Rs. 13/0/6.

TEJIMANDI: Cotton Rs. 30, Linseed May As. 12/6, Groundnuts May Rs. 3/8, August Rs. 13, Castorseeds May Rs. 4, September Rs. 14, Silver Vaishakh Rs. 5, Gold Vaishakh Rs. 4.

CONSUMPTION OF COTTON.
(In bales of 400 lbs. net).

Consumption:—
British India during February 1943 282,499; during February 1942 272,918; since 1st September 1942 1,680,496; during the corresponding period last year 1,717,330.

Indian States during February 1943 55,448; during February 1942 59,829; since 1st September 1942 328,546; during the corresponding period last year 338,214.

Total—India during February 1943 337,947; during February 1942 332,747; since 1st September 1942 2,009,044; during the corresponding period last year 2,073,544.

GOVT. SECURITIES: 2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 Loan 99/2; 3 1/2 per cent G P Note 94; 3 per cent 1949-52 Loan 90/8; 3 per cent 1951-54 Loan 99/14; 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 Loan 103/14; 3 per cent 1963-65 Loan 95/8; 4 per cent 1943 Bond 100/7; 4 per cent 1960-70 Loan 110/7; 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 Loan 114/2; 3 per cent 1946 Def. Loan 103/4.

CORP. DEBENTURES: 4 per cent B P T 1974 109; 4 per cent M Deb 1974 109/12; 5 per cent M Deb 1955-118; 6 per cent M Deb Loan 99/14; 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 Loan 103/

TAX-FREE LOANS: 5 per cent 1945/55 loan 108; 4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 119/0; 6 per cent Mysore 1985 128.

MADRAS SHARES: April 19—Deccan Big 265; do small 61, India sugar 13/8; Mysore sugar 63/8; South India 13/8; Travancore 15/14. Cochin Malabar xd 19/12; Chembra Peaks 14/6; High Produce cr 53/8. Kalpettas 53/12; Kalasa 17/14; Nellimpathy Hills 8/15; Ouchterlony xd 15/2; Peermade xd 53; Periakanmalai 35; Rajagiri 21; Travancore D 37/8; Vaikundam 30/12; Vellamalai 27/12; Vellitam 41/8; Woodlands 19/6; Cambodia 41; Coimbatore Spg 330; Coimbatore Pioneer 618/8; Dhanalaxmi 575; Sanardhana 195; Kaleswarer 771; Kothari Tex 34/4; Mysore Silk Filatures 27/2; Mettur 302/8; Palani Andavar cd 247; Vasantha 340.

NEW YORK COTTON

Bombay, April 19.

On Saturday the New York cotton market was quiet. The possibility of a ceiling announcement after the close of the market on Saturday restricted activity with nervous long liquidation and light hedge selling which met routine trade price-fixing while there was further transferring of nears to distants and the market closed steady at a decline of 1 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices declined 3 points at 21.92c per lb.

During the past week after slumping sharply on Roosevelt's anti-inflation order, prices edged forward reflecting an oversold condition with the resumption of aggressive trade demand. Sentiment was also strengthened by the House appropriations Committee's recommendation to eliminate farm benefit payments from the appropriations Bill if approved by Congress would achieve the main objective of the vetoed Bankhead Bill. Commenting on the anti-inflation order, the cotton exchange service points out that according to the price stabilisation act the lowest ceiling impossible for middling seven-eighths at or near Memphis is approximately 89.96. But private interests believe it may well be above twenty-two cents. Rather more business in cotton goods for high priorities although the mills are withholding goods for civilian purposes. The market laterly nervous pending the official ceiling announcement.

PRIVATE CABLES—
New York July highest (10 a.m.) ... 20.02+03
New York July lowest (10-18 a.m.) ... 19.96—03

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, April 17.

Electric Bond and Share Pref ... dol.	61
Electric Power and Lt. 7 per cent Pfd	61 1/2
American Telephone and Telegraph	143 1/4
New York Central Rail Road	17
New York Central and Hudson	
River R R 5 per cent 2013	62 1/2
Union Pacific	91
N. Y. Chicago and St. Louis Pfd	41 1/2
U. S. Steel	55 1/4
Bethlehem Steel	64
Crucible Steel	35
Anaconda Copper Mining	29
Int. Nickel of Canada	33 7/8
General Motors	49
Chrysler Motors	72
Sears Roebuck	69
Eaton Manufacturing	39
Dupont de Nemours	141
National City Bank of New York	34 3/8
Consolidated Oil	10 1/2
Australia 5 per cent 1955	85

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, April 19.

Copper sheets lb. 21 Rs. 350 28 325 35 318 42 290 49-56 290.

Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21 Rs. 230 24 260 28 255 35 250 42 246

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, April 19.

The market generally ruled strong after the week-end. A large amount of buying took place amongst the more popular stocks and prices in each case have shewn remarkable advances over the last levels. Government securities continued firm and unchanged.

Cottons:—Benares cotton 13/2; Bowreah 528; Cawnpore Textiles 25; Elgin Mills 64/8; Muir Mills 413; New Victoria 10.

Coals:—Bengal 448; Bokaro and Ramgur 19/4; Burra Dhemo 7.

Jutes:—Anglo-India 391; Bally 309; Barnagore 123; Belvedere 462; Budge Budge 403; Gouripore 799; Howrah 62/4; Kankinarrah 446 small lot.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corpn. 2/13; Indian Copper 2/9; Dalmia Cement 18; Indian Iron and Steel 37/5; National Iron and Steel 12/10; Steel Corporation 26/6; B. I. Corpn. 6/1; Rohtas Industries ord 30/2; India Paper Pulp 191; Titaghur Paper 36/2; Carew and Co., 19/10; ct Cawnpore 38/4; Champaran 35/10; Rumnugger Cane 11/2; Up sugar 22; Hasimara 56/8; Tezpore 13/6;

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (July)

New York, April 19.

Previous closing	19.98
To-day's opening	19.98
Difference	Nil
To-day's closing	19.96
Difference	—.02

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.
Previous closing ... 4.03

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.
To-day's opening and closing 4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 1/2 buyers.

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 19.

GOLD AND SILVER
London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0
Spot and Forward Silver 23 1/2d

CROSS RATES.
London on Bombay 1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers.
New York on Bombay (30.37) 30.37

DISCOUNTS
3 months 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/16 to 1/8 per cent.

SEEDS.
Castorseeds Bombay April/May £38
Linseed Calcutta April/May £26
Linseed La Plata April/May £19 3/4
Groundnut Coromandal April/May East Coast Indian shipment £38 West Coast Indian shipment £38.

METALS.
Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

The London Stock Exchange was quiet to-day.

LOANS

3 per cent Australian Commonwealth £102 1/4; 2 1/2 per cent British Consols £81 3/4 3 per cent Conversion Loan £105 3/16; 3 per cent Conversion Loan £100 7/16; 4 per cent War Loan £113 3/4; 3 1/2 per cent War £105 1/2; 3 1/2 per cent War Loan £100 7/8; 4 per cent Victory Bonds £114 3/16

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 19.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices: General Motors dol 49 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining dol 29 1/8
United States Steel Common dol 55 1/4
United States Steel Preference unquoted.

Anti-Indian Legislation

SHIPBUILDING UNDER INDIAN MANAGEMENT

BOMBAY, April 19.

"We can assure you that in your continued co-operation shall we seek our success and in your happiness and prosperity shall we find the proper reward for our work", said Mr. Walchand Hirachand in reply to an address presented to him and Mr. Shantikumar Morarjee yesterday evening by the workers of the Scindia Shipyard. Mr. Walchand expressed his appreciation of the fact that the workers were conscious of participating in the building up of a national industry like shipbuilding.

It has been their ideal of life said Mr. Walchand, to build up shipping and shipbuilding under Indian management and control though it has been a great struggle as the Government of the country did not consider these industries as national assets nor were they helpful even though the Scindias were making efforts to achieve progress in these industries.

Resolutions Before To-day's Public Meeting

A Sheriff's Public Meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday), to protest against the anti-Indian legislation of the Government of South Africa, at the Sunderbai Hansraj Pragji Hall (Off. Queen's Road (next to the Government of India offices) under the presidentship of Sir Chimanlal H. Setalvad. The list of the resolutions to be moved is given below:—

(1) That Sir Chimanlal H. Setalvad be elected President of the meeting.

It will be proposed by Mr. Haridas Madhavdas and seconded by Dr. T. M. Kajiji.

The President's Speech

(2) "That this public meeting of the citizens of Bombay enters its emphatic and indignant protest against the action of the South African Union Government in introducing and getting passed by the Union Parliament a Bill to extend the duration of the Transvaal Land Alienation Act and to include in its scope Durban City with Provision, if the Union Government thinks fit to extend it to other places in the Natal Province. This action of the South African Union Government is very reprehensible, at a time when Indian soldiers are fighting bravely and specially in North Africa for the protection and defence of the South African Union itself. This meeting insists that Indians domiciled for generations in South Africa and other units of the British Commonwealth should have complete and equal rights of citizenship with the rest of the population in those units.

It will be proposed by Rt. Hon. Dr. M. R. Jayakar, seconded by Sir Homi Modi and supported by Messrs. Jamnadas Mehta, Mr. B. G. Horniman and Hoosenbhoy A. Laljee.

(3.) "That this public meeting of the citizens of Bombay expresses its appreciation of the representation made by the Government of India pointing out that measure was both unjust and inopportune and that they should be given time for its consideration and criticism. It is surprising that the Union Government has not extended that bare courtesy to the Government of India. It is the plain duty of the British Government to take up the question and give its wholehearted support to the Government of India in its efforts to see justice is done to India and her people. In the meantime the meeting assures technically Union nationals, India will consider it her duty to stand by them so long as they have no franchise and representation in the Union Parliament, and have no adequate means of getting their legitimate grievances redressed, and earnestly requests them to remain united and steadfast in asserting their rights of citizenship."

It will be proposed by Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, seconded by Sir Rustom Masani, supported by Lady Rama Rau, Mr. M.R.A. Baig and Mr Ali Mohd. Mecklai.

(4.) "That a vote of thanks be accorded to the Sheriff of Bombay for having kindly convened this meeting"

It will be proposed by Sir Vithal Chandavarkar and seconded by Mr. S. A. Brelvi.

(5.) "That this meeting accords its thanks to Sir Chimanlal H. Setalvad for having presided at the meeting."

It will be proposed by The Hon. Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy and seconded by Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas.

CHURCHES URGED TO STAND BY INDIANS

CAPE TOWN: The Natal Indian Association has appealed to all Churches in South Africa to stand by the Indians in opposition to the Asiatic Bill: "The duty of Churches is clear—that of condemning the Bill and asking the Union Government to postpone it—and seeking a solution on mutual understanding and on consultative lines."—Reuter.

NAZIMUDDIN SEES GOVERNOR AGAIN

CALCUTTA, April 19.

Sir Nazimuddin, leader of the Muslim League Parliamentary Party in Bengal, had an interview with H E. the Governor of Bengal today.

In a statement on behalf of eight members of the Bengal Congress (suspended) Parliamentary Party, who severed their connection with the party yesterday, Mr. T. C Goswami says that following their resignation, they are about to take further action, and that they have been attracted by the programme Sir Nazimuddin has placed before the province. "We are of opinion" he adds, "that it really paves the way for joint harmonious action. We believe that there is sincerity of purpose behind it and that it will be criminal folly to run away from it.

BIG AXIS CONVOY ATTACKED

Dieppe Raided: Sweep Over Channel

LONDON, April 19

One medium-sized merchant vessel was torpedoed and other ships were hit when a large Axis convoy was attacked by aircraft or Coastal Command off the Dutch Coast on Sunday afternoon.

Beaufighters carrying torpedoes were escorted by Spitfires and Mustangs. The convoy consisted of approximately 15 vessels ons of which was hit by two torpedoes and left on fire.

DIEPPE RAIDED

An Air Ministry 'communique' issued early on Monday morning stated, "Yesterday afternoon Venturas of Bomber Command escorted by fighters attacked the docks at Dieppe. Other fighters carried out a sweep over the Channel and destroyed one enemy fighter.

Aircraft of Coastal Command with an escort of fighters and aircraft of Army Co-operation Command attacked enemy shipping off the Dutch Coast. A medium sized merchant vessel was hit with a torpedo and other ships were damaged.

In the evening fighter-bombers escorted by fighters bombed enemy airfields at Poix and Courtrai. One of our fighters is missing from these operations and one aircraft of Army Co-operation Command is missing from patrol"

ATTACK ON ITALIAN BASE

LONDON, April 19.

An Air Ministry 'communique' announced last night that aircraft of the Bomber Command made another heavy and concentrated attack on the naval base at Spezia in Northern Italy. One bomber is missing. Aircraft of the Fighter Command in an intruder patrol attacked goods trains and locomotives in Northern France and enemy destroyers at Lorient. One fighter is missing from these operations."

Surprise Attack On Jap Force In Upper Chindwin

NEW DELHI, April 19.

In Arakan, our troops are maintaining vigorous patrol activity on Upper Mayu Peninsula, otherwise there is nothing to report, says an India Command Joint War "communique."

In the Upper Chindwin, recently one of our light patrols surprised a Japanese force, many times stronger than themselves. Full details are not yet available, but it is known that a fierce encounter took place in which our troops inflicted heavy casualties on the enemy. Our losses were comparatively slight. In the same area yesterday, R.A.F. "Blenheims" bombed Pinbon, starting numerous fires and also attacked enemy positions near Thayetkon.

In Arakan formations of "Blenheims" made two attacks on enemy positions near Mynihlut and throuhgout the day, fighter patrols ranged over the battle area, machine-gunning Japanese troops, buildings, vehicles and river transport. Other aircraft bombed and machine-gunned targets the Kaladan river and between Mychaung and Taungup. One of our aircraft is missing.

Further reports of Saturday's fighter operations indicate that many casualties were inflicted on Japanese in low-level attack near Alethangyaw.—A. P.

THE WAR SERVICES EXHIBITION
AT
ESPLANADE MAIDAN
FROM 20th APRIL TO 2nd MAY
TIME 4 P.M. TO 9 P.M.
ADMISSION FREE

"Swaraj is my birth-right and I will have it".

—TILAK.

The Bombay Chronicle

ORCHESTRAL OUTBURST

The outburst of tributes to the Fourth Indian Division in the British press almost suggests a hunt. Mr. Churchill sounded the horn and a whole pack is in full cry overwhelming Indian troops with loud praises. Perhaps this is an ungracious way of describing the orchestral performance of British admirers started by Mr. Churchill. But the encomiums, well deserved by the Division—the Indians have, not to our surprise, always fought heroically—are also somewhat amusing. Here are some choice bits. The London "Times" recalls how in the last war Indian troops cheerfully manned "the water-logged defences of Neuve Chapelle". It then proceeds rather patronisingly to arrive at the very correct conclusion that Indian troops have in every war, proved themselves "a sure and steady support." The London "Times", however, omits—quite naturally we think—to mention what their country got after the last war.

The "Sunday Chronicle" has allowed itself to become over enthusiastic. The praise is the just due of the Indian troops. But therein comes the blunder of over-exuberance in language. Indian troops and Indian workers offer, says the paper, *"yet another example of devotion and self-sacrifice* offered by all members of the Great British Commonwealth of Nations in the cause of freedom." It is unnecessary to do more than italicise the words we have done, particularly the last five. Finally, the drum notes of the orchestra. They are furnished by the egregious London "Daily Telegrap" which has used Mr. Churchill's tribute as an opportunity to damn the greatest national organisation of the people of India. The "Daily Telegraph's" comments beg a number of questions which are unconsciously but intermittently acknowledged by British statesmen and publicists themselves when they express their concern and anxiety over "the Indian problem." By giving publicity to such comments Reuters and the Radio think they are doing propaganda for the cause—what cause by the way? It may be good for consumption abroad. But it fails in India.

Wanted A Bold Policy

In a statement issued by him Mr. Radhakant Malaviya says: 'I learn from some of those persons who were with Mahatma Gandhi during his fast that on being questioned about the recent occurrences. Mahatma Gandhi said in so many words that he had never intended what had happened." Mr. Malaviya naturally feels that, if an opportunity is given to place true facts before Mahatma Gandhi he will not only condemn what was unfortunately done in so many parts of the country but it is very likely he will not hesitate to take such action as will make the situation in the country very different from what it is now and hasten a settlement. In any case, says Mr. Malaviya, it is worthwhile making an attempt. That is the feeling of all who know Gandhiji's faith in non-violence and who themselves want to restore complete non-violence. But they are much intrigued at Government's blank refusal to permit any contact with Gandhiji. They feel that Government's attitude is both unjust and suspicious.

It will, however, not be enough for Government to permit contact being established between Gandhiji and non-party leaders, but it is also necessary that Gandhiji and the Congress leaders and other political prisoners should be released at once. In this connection, if it is true, as is reported, that the Government of Sind are at present reviewing the position with regard to political prisoners in the province and that certain important decisions are likely to be taken shortly, the move is none too early. From the Government point of view the situation in the country has improved much, especially since Gandhiji's fast, and, in view of the improvement and the paramount need of ending the present deadlock, there is no justification for the continued detention of Congressmen in jail. The detenus have been kept in jail without charge or trial for an unconscionably long time while the majority of convicted political prisoners have already served substantial portions of their sentences. As we have often pointed out, the vast majority of the detenus are the breadwinners of their families and their incarceration has thrown thousands on the streets. The Government of Sind, it is stated, are considering the question of releasing some prisoner and giving maintenance allowances to families of some others. If they do so, they will, to some extent, mitigate continuing injustices and hardships. But these half-hearted measures as well as the recent release of some detenus by the Governments of Bengal and Bombay will hardly help to bring the present deadlock to an end. That is possible only if Gandhiji and all political prisoners are released. What is wanted is a bold policy of constructive statesmanship.

TUNISIA

The lull in Tunisia has so far not shown any sign of breaking save in one respect. There is a profusion of warnings. The Axis forces, we are told, have now got behind extraordinarily strong defences, that they are being reinforced despite heavy losses and that the Allies will now be facing the very best of fighting troops which the enemy possesses. Now, it is true that the difficulties facing General Eisenhower in the last phase of fighting are fairly formidable. They must not be minimised. But at the same time the Allies have certain important advantages which ought to go a long way towards overcoming those difficulties. They have, for instance, an air force which in conjunction with heavy artillery can play havoc with Rommel and von Arnim. It has just achieved a most remarkable success in destroying an unprecedentedly large number of Axis transport planes and fighters.

The reduction of the Axis-held Tunisian tip, though undoubtedly difficult, need not be a protracted affair. But this is what the world is being prepared not to expect. Delay in cleaning up Tunisia will be unfortunate for the entire strategy against Hitler's Europe. As Lord Strabolgi said the other day "every week's delay meant loss of the best campaigning weather." Incidentally, Lord Strabolgi has also given a dark hint which, even though possibly exaggerated, is not without significance. Lord Strabolgi did not believe it would be possible to make a good and lasting peace settlement in Europe unless the Allies intervened on the continent soon. This, as we say, is quite significant.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Income Tax Ready Reckoner

Mr. R. C. Doodhmal has just published a useful brochure entitled "Complete Income-Tax Ready Reckoner, 1943." This is the fourth edition and a very timely one in view of the recent increases in the Income and Super Tax rates. The brochure is available at Empire Terrace, Lamington Road at rupee one and annas four.

Diploma In Fishery

It is interesting news that the Calcutta University will soon introduce a diploma course in fishery. This is a much needed reform and perhaps the first to be undertaken by any Indian University. As a source of food, fishery has big possibilities in a country where the seas and the rivers abound in fish and where food in general is none too abundant. It has also been found that some specimens of shark liver oil are superior to many common varieties of cod liver oil. If improved methods in fishery are taught to educated men it will be a great gain from every point of view. The example of Calcutta may well be emulated by other Universities, particularly those of Bombay and Madras.

Too Poor To Hoard

It is much easier to appoint a number of Food Committees and Commissioners than to ensure adequate supplies. If the authorities cannot increase supplies, if they can do nothing more than cry "Jam to-morrow, more jam the day after, but no jam to-day", they should at least refrain from the undignified practice of putting the blame on the poor consumers and accusing them of hoarding. Most of the persons who form the long food queues in cities are too poor to hoard. They only live from hand to mouth, though some of them take better care of the morrow than the food authorities seem to do.

Smuts' Volte Face!

Mr. B. F. Bharucha writes:—

Field-Marshal Smuts' speech in the South African Assembly betrays his racialism, which is akin to—if not worse than, communalism. It is the living symbol of perfidious Imperialism, which must go and go soon; or else face another titanic struggle. Over thirty years ago, it was Sir Mancherjee Bhownagree, who had raised his voice in the Commons, in these memorable words:—"There is a certain hollowness in speaking of the Unity and Homogeneity of the Empire, if one part refused free way leave to the inhabitants of another." Verily Smuts' volte face is really regrettable.

India In World Currency Union

Rationale Of The Proposals

By Prof. K. T. Shah

A Government of India press note, recently issued, describes the British Government plan for an international clearing house, which served as a basis for discussions in London on post-war currency arrangements, as a preliminary contribution to the solution of what threatens to be one of the toughest of post-war problems. The plan is a British official contribution to which, however, His Majesty's Government are in no way committed, either in principle, or in detail. They have put it forward only to facilitate comment, criticism, and constructive suggestion.

PRINCIPAL PURPOSES

The main objectives of the plan are, of course, to be found in the bitter experience of Western countries regarding the currency chaos which followed the last World War. The efforts now being made to avoid a repetition of that disastrous experience aim at:—

(i) providing a generally acceptable means of payment between nations;

(ii) ensuring that any alterations, which take place in the exchange values of international currencies, are made as the result of an orderly international procedure, and not by unilateral action,

(iii) relieving excessive strain on any country, suffering from temporary difficulties in meeting its international obligations for payments abroad,

(iv) subjecting it, at the same time, to a gradual pressure towards restoring equilibrium.

INTERNATIONAL EQUILIBRIUM IN POST-WAR WORLD

These objectives are unquestionable, if we desire the post-war world to be functioning peacefully on an even keel. Notwithstanding the lessons of the last war, every belligerent country has been suffering, even during this war, from a varying degree of its local currency depreciation, or inflation. When normal, peace-time international trade is restored, the situation in all these countries would create of a state of currency anarchy, unless adequate and effective steps are taken in advance to dam that flood. The international conference which met in London early in March last was reported to have considered this question from all angles; and the solution of the problem, which everybody envisages, has been crystallised in two somewhat divergent plans,—the British and the American.

The main objectives are, undoubtedly, common to both; but the means adopted to attain it are inevitably dictated,—perhaps unconsciously—by the local circumstances of each sponsoring country. Since even countries in the position of Britain or America are unable to take a wholly detached view, it is but natural that countries like ours might feel seriously apprehensive the more so as our view-point is seldom heard or attended to. As unilateral action by one country would not suffice to meet this danger effectively, concerted steps must needs be devised to guard against such a danger recurring.

PRE-WAR PROCEDURE FOR INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENT

Before the war, the principal medium for settling international balance of payments was an import or export of precious metals. Gold had, throughout the 19th century, been assumed to be an ideal unit of international exchanges. Silver had served the same turn either by itself, or alone with gold, in the centuries that had gone before, and was doing so even in the present century in countries like India or China. Silver, however, was increasingly thrown out of use, because of its sustained depreciation in relation to gold, ever since the discoveries of new gold mines in the middle of the 19th century. Gold, on the other hand, was becoming difficult to obtain, notwithstanding the continued minings in Africa, Australia, America, and, of late, in Russia.

DECLINE AND FALL OF GOLD

The essence of the Gold Standard, as it had worked in the 19th century, under the leadership of the London Money Market, was freedom to buy and sell,—import and export,—gold as between all trading countries, at a fixed price, to settle the balance of payments. It was found impossible, however, to maintain that fixity of price, and, still more, the freedom of export and import, of gold, in the years immediately following the last war. Britain, whose currency had previously been regarded almost as synonymous with gold, had to suspend gold standard immediately the struggle started. She made a heroic effort to restore a kind of gold standard about 1925. But even that could not work satisfactorily for long; and had to be abandoned finally in 1931. Since then the pound sterling has no connection with gold; and is left to find its international exchange value by itself. Germany and France also failed to maintain a fixed ratio of their local currency with gold; and when the United States joined the list in 1933, the debacle of gold was complete.

NEMESIS OF ECONOMIC NATIONALISM IN EUROPE AND AMERICA

One of the factors contributing to this denouement was the intensive economic nationalism of the twenties and the thirties which reacted particularly on international trade. The international movements of capital, due mainly to the Reparation demands against the so-called debtor countries, were accentuated by the desire to revive German trade and industry, so as to facilitate the liquidations of the Reparations on a very much scaled down level. But these capital movements were not set off by converse movement of goods or services because of the existence of high tariff walls by America, the universal creditor.

The practical repudiation of their war debts by Britain, France and their weaker allies to America as well as 'inter se', led very soon to a financial crisis in the United States, culminating in a large number of bank failures in 1933, and intensity of depression that forced that country also to drop the gold standard for the time being. Legislation was soon enacted fixing the gold value of the dollar at a 40 per cent. depreciation and liable to a further margin of another 10 per cent. by presidential decree, if the course of world trade and the balance of international payments so necessitated.

Meanwhile, however, America had acquired and was, even after this legislation, acquiring very large stocks of gold from European and Asiatic countries, thanks mainly to her strong industrial position, and her steady refusal to lower if not abolish her tariff walls. Though America's total exports are supposed to be less than a tenth of her total production, the unwillingness of that country to receive payments in kind from other countries placed a very high premium on unstable international exchange".

This experience of the last 25 years, accentuated as it has been in the course of this war, has led to a growing desire everywhere to bring about some kind of an abiding stability in international exchanges. During the present war the large-scale purchases by Britain in America before March 11, 1941, had still further depleted the British gold reserves, and made her extremely vulnerable in post-war trade. The mutual assistance pacts—Lease-Lend—became necessary for the conduct of the war over such a vast area; and since then these transactions have been increasingly effected without any dislocation of the international exchange value of local currencies. A rigid control had been exercised, in fact, ever since 1938 under the Tripartite Agreement between France, Britain and America, on the mutual ratio of their several currencies. During the war the arrangement has been continued; and, with the advent of the Lease-Lend system the necessity of any cash payments is largely dispensed with.

But that arrangement is only for the duration of the War, and applies only to the United Nations; and that, too, for purposes of defence articles mainly. At the present moment this system is scheduled to expire at the end of June, 1944. And even if it is continued, as long as the War lasts, it will not be maintained after the War.

(To Be Continued.)

BOMBAY WOMEN ACCORD WHOLE-HEARTED SUPPORT

Dr. Jayakar Explains Main Provisions Of Hindu Intestate Succession Bill

The ameliorative aspects both social and legal of the Bill recommended by the Rau Committee to amend and codify the Hindu Law of Intestate Succession were graphically explained by the Rt. Hon. Dr. M. R. Jayakar and Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal Motilal at a public meeting of Bombay women held under the auspices of 19 women's organisations at the Sunderabai Hall, Bombay, on Monday evening. Lady Rama Rau presided.

Four resolutions, the first one according the whole-hearted support of the women of Bombay to the Bill and urging the Government and the Central Legislature to pass the same without delay at its next session; the second urging the Select Committee to report favourably on the said Bill and to support the principles and provisions thereof; the third urging the Government of India and the members of the Select Committee to invite representatives of women's organisations to give evidence before them during their deliberations and the fourth empowering the president to forward copies of these resolutions to the Law Member of the Government of India, the members of the Select Committee and other authorities concerned with the question were passed at the meeting.

BOMBAY'S DEMAND

A corrollary to the second resolution stated that the meeting deplored and called the attention of the Select Committee to the fact that in the said Bill rights already acquired by women of the Bombay province had been needlessly curtailed. The same part of the resolution suggested that for securing uniformity of legislation the position of women in the so-called backward provinces should be raised to that of Bombay and under no circumstances the status of women in Bombay lowered.

Lady Rama Rau explaining the main provisions of the Bill said that as an ameliorative measure the Bill, though it concerns Hindu women primarily as a progressive legislation, concerned all women generally. Until the inequalities from which Indian women suffered were removed India as a country could not make commensurate progress. The inequalities were both social and legal and had to be eradicated.

Dr. Jayakar in a vivid elucidation of the social and legal reformist aspects of the Bill observed that the primary function of the Bill was to codify the whole of the Hindu Law with particular relation to succession and inheritance.

The Bill dealt with heirs, heritable property, "Stri-dhan", etc. According to the reforms adumbrated now both males as well as females would be considered heirs, whereas formerly only males enjoyed the right.

Heritable property which passed from one hand to another by virtue of heirship only to man could now be claimed by both men and women. The matriarchal system of succession was, however, not touched by the Bill but the Dayabhag, Mithakshara in all six different schools were all affected, completely wiping out all distinctions. The Joint Family system remained intact.

The definition of "Stri-dhan" was also wholly revolutionised by the Bill. "Stri-dhan" now included within its purview properties of any nature owned by a woman. Whatever a woman possessed would belong to her. In the new definition the wisdom of the author of Mithakshara had been justified after so many centuries, said Dr. Jayakar.

Inspite of marriage the Hindu daughter would remain an agnate of the father.

A "Dasi-putra" could not now claim property, as illegitimate children were not recognised.

The reforms provided that the Hindu widow, sons and daughters all got shares of property, the widow getting one share, if more than one widow one share between them all, the sons getting one share each and the daughters half share each.

RADICAL CHANGE

A radical change sought to be introduced by the Bill, permitted Hindu girls to marry outside their community the offsprings of such wedlocks enjoying full rights of inheritance.

Congenital defectives, such as deafs, mutes, dumbs and lepers also got their shares, which they could not get formerly.

Prominent among the women who addressed the gathering were Mrs. R. B. Billimoria, Dr. Mrs. Malinibai Sukhtankar, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, Mrs. Kamalabai Dongerkery and others.

MORE AUSTRALIAN WHEAT ARRIVES

KARACHI, April 19.

It is authoritatively learnt that shipments of Australian wheat continue to arrive India. During the past six months over 30,00 tons have reached Karachi alone. —A. P.

India's Part In War Must Get Recognition In Britain

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, April 19.

In a letter to the "Times" Sir Atul Chatterjee, Adviser to the Secretary of State for India, points out that broadly speaking India is financially responsible for her own local defence. She pays for all forces British as well as Indian employed in India and for the numerous aerodromes and military works necessary on so great a scale in view of the Japanese menace. India is also affording reciprocal aid to American forces in India. She maintains at her own expense the Royal Indian Navy, which has been expanded out of all recognition since the outbreak of the war.

The consequence of all this is that in 1942-'43 compared with her pre-war defence budget of 34 million sterling India spent some 180 million sterling on her defence—a very large sum by Indian standards and not contemptible by any.

The expenditure in India by the British Government is in the main for goods and supplies of all kinds brought for use in Britain and in the theatres of war outside India.

STERLING BALANCES

It is not borne in mind that the Indian Government has to pay in rupees in India for these goods and supplies and does so by raising money in India, while the British Government pays in sterling in England. This is the cause of accumulation of sterling balances in England, which incidentally belong to the Reserve Bank of India and not to the Government of India.

Sir Atul Chatterjee concludes: "While fully appreciating the immense sacrifices which Britain is making to bring the war to a successful conclusion and acknowledging that victory is no less in the interests of India than in those of the United Kingdom, I am concerned that the part which India is playing should receive general recognition in Britain as it has done in the recent Parliamentary debates from Mr. L. S. Amery, Secretary, and the Earl of Munster, Under-Secretary of State for India.

LONDON:— The "Yorkshire Post" and the "Birmingham Post" pay glowing tribute to the achievements of the 4th Indian Division in N. Africa.

RELEASE OF POLITICAL PRISONERS

A Sind Move

(THROUGH A. P. & U. P.)

KARACHI, April 19

It is understood that the Government of Sind are at present reviewing the position with regard to political prisoners in the Province and certain important decisions are likely to be taken shortly.

Among other things the Government are considering the question of releasing some prisoners and giving maintenance allowance to families of some of them.

JAIL FOR 22 IN KURNOOL LOOTING CASE

KURNOOL April 17.—In the Kurnool looting case in which 45 persons stood charged with looting on March 31, 22 were sentenced to six months R. I. each by the Additional First Class Magistrate. The others including five women were ordered to be discharged on their furnishing sureties for future good behaviour.

COMMUNIST WORKER ACQUITTED

TEZPUR, April 19. Mr. Ramesh Chandra Sarma, a Communist worker of Tezpur who was arrested and detained some weeks ago, and prosecuted under the Defence of India Rules, was acquitted and released.

Mr. Sarma had been previously interned in his native village for nine months.

A.R.P. POST RAIDED-TWO WARDENS ATTACKED

DACCA, April 18. Four youths armed with daggers and swords raided the A.R.P. post at Swamibag at about 2-30 p.m. on Friday last.

It is alleged that they attacked sector Warden Mr. Satya Sen (a student of the Fourth Year Class of the Dacca Medical School) and another sector Warden, who were on duty then and inflicted several cuts on them. Both the sector Wardens were removed to the Mitford hospital.

CHARGE AGAINST SIND EDITOR

KARACHI, April 19. The City Magistrate has framed charges against Mr. Ramchand Virumal, Editor of the "Qurbani" of Shikarpur, under Section 500 I.P.C. for having written an alleged defamatory article against Prof. Bhojraj Nagrani of the Shikarpur College.

One Rahamtulah was sentenced to 12 months' R. I. by the City Magistrate to-day for having committed breach of an order served on him not to enter Karachi for a period of two years.

FOUR STUDENTS JAILED

TRICHINOPOLY, April 19. Four students of the Madura College have been sentenced to six months' R. I. each for carrying Congress flags and shouting slogans while going with a procession.

VELLORE, April 19. Three persons of Arkonam have been arrested under the Defence of India Rules. It is stated that some objectionable leaflets were seized from one of them.

RELEASED ON PAROLE

POONA, April 19.

Two Congress detenus, Messrs. Rambhau Dore of Koregaon and Raghu Anna Limaye of Masur (both in Satara District) were released today on parole for one month due to the sickness of some members of their family. It is understood that they were released on the undertaking that they would not take part in the movement.—A. P.

LONDON:— The German radio said on Monday that the repatriation of British and Italian prisoners at Smyrna has taken place.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

LONDON, April 18.

A "colonial fortnight," for which colonial delegations, including chiefs in native dress, would be invited to Britain each year after the war was suggested in Sunday night's B.B.C. Postcript.—Reuter.

* * *

During his visit to Salem, His Excellency the Governor of Madras called on Sjt. C. Vijayaraghavacharia and, what is more, had a talk with the latter "for some minutes."

It's an epoch-making honour and, we trust that those who indulge in their lying and mischievous proclivities in criticisms of the British Empire will now consider themselves completely crushed.

* * *

At a meeting the other day, the Bengal Muslim League Parliamentary Party is reported to have been invited by Sir Nazimuddin to offer suggestions regarding the personnel of the Ministry.

In the absence, however, of authoritative information it need not yet be assumed that there were as many suggestions as there were members.

* * *

Self-questioning in a pictorial advertisement: "The war is threatening India. What can I do?"

For one thing he can shut up and not start alarmist rumours.

* * *

Bank Of England Returns

—Headline.

Oh, no. Not the gold it got from India

* * *

According to Sir Stafford Cripps Tunisia is "a prelude" to the final blows that will liberate the people of Europe, Asia, etc.

And since the longer the period of anticipation the more enjoyable is the eventual pleasure, the prelude had better be a lengthy affair

* * *

General MacArthur has announced the Japs convoy off Wewak was beaten back after had lost four of its six cargo vessels

Which victory should as usual be greeted by Mr Curtin with another squeal of alarm

* * *

And as it happens he did rise to the occasion so to speak.

His latest broadcast emphasises that blows against Japan impose a strain which comes "perilously close to exhaustion point."

And to justify himself, he makes the noticeable statement that despite successful interception the Japs "smashed precious shipping off Milne Bay where according to General MacArthur only one small vessel was hit.

Now, which of the two is telling the—er what? It's all so confusing and—amusing.

* * *

Wife: "Here's a riddle. What makes my life so miserable?"

Husband: "You've got me."

Wife: "That's right!"

WAR SERVICES EXHIBITION

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Newspaper representatives were entertained to tea yesterday by the members of the War Services Exhibition Executive Committee. The exhibition will be opened today by Brigadier C. E. R. C. Allan.

Members in charge of the exhibition took the newspaper representatives round the Esplanade Maidan and explained to them the details the various exhibits arranged in picturesque and orderly manner. Tanks, aircraft guns, shells, mines and torpedoes and other equipments representing the armed services were some of the prominent exhibits.

Light German and Italian tanks captured in the Middle East were shown prominently. The Navy section of the Exhibition was very imposing.

The Exhibition will be open to the public for a fortnight and admission will be free.

PEEK FREAN'S
Vita-Weat
REGD.
ON WAR SERVICE
is just as good as ever it was!—but unfortunately we can't send you any these days. The ships that formerly carried this nourishing Crispbread from England to you now transport men and munitions in the fight against the enemy; and for the time being, therefore, like Peek Frean's Biscuits, it must remain a post-war pleasure in store for you.
Vita-Weat
REGD.
CRISPBREAD
MADE BY PEEK FREAN & COMPANY LIMITED, LONDON

Digitized by Maharashtra State Archives
Government of Maharashtra
on 22 December, 2016

Quick! SOME COTTON WOOL.

YOU NEED COTTON WOOL

For Cuts & Wounds. To keep cuts, burns, scalds, boils and wounds safe from septic poisoning only antiseptic absorbent cotton wool should be used.

For Inflammations, Swellings, etc. To cover inflamed, swollen or other delicate parts after applying antiseptic poultices or other medicaments

For External Application of various kinds such as iodine, liniments, throat paints, ointments, etc

For Ladies' Toilet. To wipe off or remove cold cream or powder from the face, and apply astringents; for manicuring and other beauty treatment and for personal hygiene.

For Cleaning and Polishing furniture, glass, cutlery, silverware, gold articles, etc.

FOR NUMEROUS USES IN THE HOME.

You can rely on Khatau's

SUN BRAND ABSORBENT COTTON WOOL LION BRAND

Made by:- THE KHATAU MILLS, BOMBAY, 8.

Carreras GOLD FLAKE

CORK TIPPED IN RED PACKET AND PLAIN IN YELLOW
CARRERAS
Gold Flake
CIGARETTES
10 CIGARETTES 10
It is now more than ever necessary to empty your packet at the time of purchase and leave it with your Tobacconist.

are good cigarettes

City And Surbubs

TO-DAY

Hindu: Chaitra Shud 15, 1999
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akhar 14, 1362
Parsi: Avan 17, 1312.
Sunrise: 7-19 a.m. Sunset: 7-55 p.m.
Hightide: —, 12-06. Lowtide: 5-42, 17-57.
Improvements Committee, 2-30 p.m. (B.T.).

DAY'S ENGAGEMENTS

RAILWAY WORKERS' RALLY AT KAMGAR MAIDAN: Under the auspices of the Bombay Railway Union's Joint Committee, a big rally of Bombay Railway Workers will be held to-day (Tuesday) at Kamgar Maidan at 6 p.m to demand adequate Dearness Allowance.

BALWANT AKHARA: Under the auspices of the Bombay Suburban Seva-Premi Mandal, Balwant Akhara, at Station Road, Malad will be started to-day (Tuesday) at 6 a.m. (N.S.T.)

MANDVI HIGH SCHOOL: The School Day celebration of the Mandvi High School will take place at Navroji Hill Gardens, to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. Mr Fazal Ebrahim Rahimtulla will preside.

GATHA SOCIETY: A public meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m (S.T.) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, 136, Apollo Street, Fort, when Dastur Framroze Ardeshir Bode, will give in Gujarati an exposition of the first few stanzas of Gatha Vohu Khshathra, Yasna Ha 51.

BOMBAY ANDHRA MAHASABHA: The eleventh annual general body meeting of the Bombay Andhra Mahasabha was held in its premises on Sunday last, when the office-bearers were elected for the new year with Mr. B. Hanumant Rau as president and Messrs. K. V. D. Prasada Rao and R. K. Chintamani as Secretaries.

SUBURBAN DT. SCHOOL BOARD: Under the auspices of the District School Board, Bombay Suburban District, Andheri, Miss R. Reuben, Vice-Chairman, School Board, B. S. D., will give a talk to the Primary teachers on 'Nature Study' in primary schools and the exhibition of handicrafts and teaching aid at 5-45 p.m. to-day (Tuesday) in the meeting hall of the School Board, Cama Road, Andheri. Mr. R. N. Joshi, Asstt. Educational Inspector, Bombay Division, Bombay, will preside.

WAR SERVICES EXHIBITION: 1. Vocal music by Mrs Serene Doctor (6-30 p.m. to 7 p.m.) 2. Welcome speech byy the Provincial Leader (7 p.m to 7-15 p.m.). 3. Mashaarah (7-15 p.m. to 9 p.m.)

POSTAL HOLIDAYS: Friday April 23 will be a Postal and Telegraph Holiday on account of "Good Friday". All the departments of the Bombay G.P.O. and its Town Sub Offices including the telegraph branches will observe on that day the same working hours as on Sundays.

BOMBAY YOUNG SINDHI ASSOCIATION GROUP: At the last Annual General Body Meeting the following were elected as Office-bearers for the year 1943/44. Mr. Chatrumal Hiranand President, Mr. Beharilal Dholandas Vice President, Mr. Mohandas Hotchand Gen. Secretary, Mr. Vissumal Isardas Jt. Secretary and Mr. Thakurdas Sugnomal Treasurer.

CHECK PROFITEERING IN CLOTH BUSINESS

A representation to the Government stating that serious hardships are experienced by the poor classes owing to the difficulty in getting cloth was prepared by the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee of the Municipal Corporation which was approved by the Municipal Corporation on Monday.

The representation "inter alia" stated:

The Corporation realise that controlling the price of cloth is not so easy as in the case of other commodities. But they feel that unless steps are taken immediately to keep down the price of cloth ordinarily used by the people belonging to the poor and middle classes within the reach of their means, the situation will be very serious indeed. The result will be that a large majority of the people will be very scantily and unhygienically clothed.

It appears to the Corporation that the present situation has arisen owing to the following causes:—

(1) Stoppage of imports of cloth from foreign countries.
(2) Exports of cloth of foreign countries.
(3) Production of cloth of military requirements.
(4) Hoarding of cloth by shopkeepers.
(5) Profiteering and speculation in the cloth business

As regards (1), it should be possible to make up for the loss of imports by increased production. As regards (2), there seems little justification for allowing exports of cloth outside. India when the people of India are unable to get their own requirements in sufficient quantities As regards (3), the need for production of cloth for military requirements is fully appreciated but it is suggested that this need should be met by additional production. As regards (4), it is very necessary that effective measure should be taken to prevent hoarding so as to allow free movement of cloth. With regard to (5), every effort should be made to check profiteering and speculation in the cloth business.

The House also agreed to the resolution moved by Mr. Mirza Akhtar Hassan requesting the Municipal Commissioner to allow the same facility to the Old Passenger Wharf Mango Association Mody Bunder as before for storing mangoes coming by country crafts.

A number of councillors requested the Municipal Commissioner to allow the mango merchants the same privilege as before this year only and the resolution was agreed to.

The House then adjourned till Thursday.

Reactionary Legislation

BOMBAY, April 19.

The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, have sent the following telegram today to the Government of India, Department of Overseas:—The Committte are deeply pained that the Government of South Africa should use the present opportunity of the war for introducing a very grave and reactionary anti-Indian legislation of a sinister characetr. They condemn the intention of the Government of South Africa to propose to extend the interim legislation in the Transvaal and apply similar provisions in Durban and probably elsewhere in Natal.

GUARANTEED

Listerine Antiseptic is guaranteed to be just the proper strength. It is never too strong for safety. Never too weak for effectiveness. Insist upon Listerine Antiseptic.

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Large Size Rs. 3-8 Small Size Rs. 2-12

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ADVANI CHAMBERS, Sir Phirozsha Mehta Road, Bombay.

Sole Agents for India:
OAKLEY BOWDEN & CO., (Madras) LTD.
P.B. 67, MADRAS.

MALARIA RUINED MANY A CAREER UNTIL THIS ONE DAY CURE WAS DISCOVERED

Quinine, known as the best remedial agent, reduces the duration, frequency and virulence of malarial attacks,—but what the sufferers demand is a remedy that acts instantly and drives out this intermittent fever in a few hours to save them from the consequences of frequent absence from duty.

That's exactly what **Mal-Killer** does for you. Read what Mr. Fazal I. Rahimtoola, C.I.E., says: "*I have tried Mal-Killer in the case of my daughter who was suffering from a malignant type of malaria. Your claim that Mal-Killer kills malaria in one day is fully justified*".

Get a bottle to-day. Of all leading chemists and druggists at Rs. 3|4 a bottle or direct from the sole distributors. I.G. Gajjar & Co., Princess Street, Bombay.

Manufacturers: MOENNI LABORATORIES.

MAL-KILLER kills Malaria in ONE day

The Half-Column By "Dim"

I haven't seen Beverley Nichols since we sat next to each other at the high table in, of all places, Lady Margaret Hall. It was in the days of the Oxford Group Movement when Beverley had ceased crying havoc and taken to sharing sins! Now that he is here in Bombay I am still waiting to run into him, when his foot, which featured on the edit page of "The Times of India' improves. After reading that typically "PAGE TWO" piece of prose, which was a delightful luxury in these days of paper and word control, I felt that may be he might after all discover some ultimate truth about India Possibly he might solve the deadlock, or cement Hindu-Muslim unity, though his letter suggested that he would even be content to go back to England with the Rope Trick. I would like to erect a "Colour"' bar against Mr. Nichols, if he goes on looking too much at parrot's wings and purple saries. After all there's a limit to this kind of commercial travelling.

* * *

Another English author, again from Oxford, is also in Bombay. Shamus Frazer, who wrote "Acorned Hog,' "Porcelain People' and several others. Shamus has been compared by reviewers with Evelyn Warr, whose "Vile Bodies", Frazer could also have written. Now a lieutenant in Khaki, Shamus looks, as I told him, almost like a caricature of the rather good-looking, heart-breaking cosmopolitan who dined at the O. U. D. S. once a week and the other days at the George. (The one in Cornmarket, I mean). He is now working in his spare time on his new novel for Chapman and Hall, the publishers of the late Mr. Dickens. This new book is about "The World before the Flood", and Shamus said he had finished about half—300 pages! His presence, here is refreshing, because he revives for me a mode of living and thinking and even eating and drinking which I had almost believed was dead. He made me want to shout (after seeing him again): Thank God we are still living in this hour. Some of you should try and meet this kind of Englishman, who doesn't often come th way.

Bombay String Quartet

The second concert of the Bombay String Quartet of the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall on Monday evening was restricted to Mozart and Beethoven in the first half of the programme, and Franck's Quintet for Pianoforte and strings formed the concluding half.

Beethoven with his tonal variety and larger freedom of design appealed more to the audience, particularly the Minuetto movement with its vigour and action.

Franck's composition was refreshing and welcome after the heavier music of the old masters; Madame Craen made the piano blend perfectly with the strings, bringing out the tender expression and the orchestral style characteristic of Franck.

AJMER GENERAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.

The General Assurance Society Ltd., of Ajmer had completed record business in 1942. The Society received proposals for over Rs. 83,34,000 out of which those amounting to over Rs. 71,00,000 resulted into policies.

NO MORE WORRY

When there is a sure way for a radical cure of all chronic cases resulting from prostrated nerves, spermatorrnoea, dreams or venereal diseases, consult immediately Dr. H.H. NAWAB A. LIK HAN, Royal Physician to the Late Sultan of Turkey, the specialist, without obligation.

Note:—The treatment of Nervous Debility is also made by machine, which proves effect in short time.

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Habib House No. 108, Girgaon,
Opp. Portuguese Church, Bombay 4.
Daily 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 4 to 9 p.m.

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Makes a family Happy

My husband left me for another person for about two years. I consulted YOGI MIER, who by his uncanny powers and concentrations helped me to get my husband back and saved us from starvation. Really he can do wonders.

(Sd.) Mrs. B. J. CH.

1 Future correctly told.
2 All kinds of diseases completely cured by Psychic Treatment.
3 Matters relating to love affairs, finances, family troubles, etc. will be set right without fault.

YOGI MIER OF PARIS,
Hughes Road, Zaveri House, BOMBAY.

PILICON
PILE OINTMENT
GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF
WITH ONE APPLICATION
NO OPERATION - NO KNIFE

PRICKLY HEAT

Not for me... MUMMY CHASES IT OFF WITH Kemp's ELPHIN Prickly Heat Powder

KEMP & Co., LTD BOMBAY.

THE PROSPECT BEFORE THEM!

HAPPINESS OR MISERY?

The answer will depend on the provision left for them. New India's policy is the best provision you can think of for their future.

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO. LTD
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STIFF MUSCLES FOR QUICK RELIEF USE SLOAN'S LINIMENT.

Just pat it on and Sloan's Liniment will give quick relief to the aches and pains of your sore, tired muscles resulting from marching, drills and other vigorous exercises. The soothing warmth of Sloan's Liniment draws healing blood to the aching part. For quickly easing pain, use Sloan's, the world's most popular Liniment — used day and night in 133 different countries.

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20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted—A beautiful, healthy, cultured and educated girl of a Bisa Agrawal family for a handsome educated and healthy Bisa Agrawal (Goel Gotra) widower, age 30 years. Family very rich. Landlord and owner of a very big Mill. Director of a Bank and several limited concerns income is in lacs of rupees. A male child of 6 years and a girl 2 years old from the deceased wife. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 4061, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Beautiful educated and smart girl age upto 22 for an independent business man aged 33, settled in Bombay income about 5 to 7 thousand per month and coming from respectable Hindu family of Rajputana. Apply sharp with latest photograph. Early marriage desired. Apply Box 1329 "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted experienced Inspector on salary basis for a first class old life office. Apply to Post Box No. 285, Bombay. (4208)

Wanted immediately an experienced Chemist, fully conversant with oil extraction, refining, hydrogenation and manufacture of vegetable ghee, etc., and who can design, prepare plans, etc., for manufacturing the required machinery locally. Apply stating age, qualification, experience and minimum salary expected, enclosing copies of testimonials, to P.O. Box No. 249, Bombay. (1337)

Wanted Stockists for Sind's most Popular "Fuller's Earth." For samples etc. remit Rs. 5|-. Kanunga & Sons, Sukkur (Sind). (1323 A)

65. ACCOMMODATION WANTED

A Parsee family wants an unfurnished flat of hall, dining room, two or three bedrooms, baths, kitchen in any decent residential locality. Good rent paid. Write to Box No. 1314, "Bombay Chronicle."

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Hewett Engineering School, Jagat Narain Road, Lucknow: Applications from Matric and Inter candidates invited for Overseer Class, Session July 1943 and Preparation Class for A.M.I.E. Exam. (Recognised by Govt. of India) Special tuition for A.M.I.C.E. and B.Sc. Engg. (London). Highly qualified Staff. Hostel arrangement. Employment facilities. Six merit scholarships. Free Prospectus from Principal. (1318)

653. MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

Wanted—A Cage Bar Krupp Sohler Expeller 00.25,75 and Knife Bars Worms. Apply to Swaika Oil Mills, 28A, Pollock Street, Calcutta (4160)

Public Notices

G. I. P. RAILWAY

TENDER

THE CHIEF ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Victoria, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of Babool wood, Country teak or hard jungle keys for 69 lbs D H. and 82 lbs. B. H. rails. Form of Tender, Schedule, Conditions of Contract and drawings can be obtained from his Office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set which amount will not be refunded. Closing date 31st May, 1943 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) Payment by Cheque Postal Order or Postage Stamps will not be accepted. 4103.

G. I. P. RAILWAY

THE DECCAN QUEEN

GOOD FRIDAY, the 23rd April, 1943, being a public holiday the DECCAN QUEEN will leave Bombay (Victoria) for Poona on THURSDAY, the 22nd April 1943, returning from Poona to Bombay (Victoria) on MONDAY the 26th April 1943

This train will not run from Bombay (Victoria) and Poona on 23rd and 24th April 1943, respectively, as scheduled.

(4224)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the rate of Rs. 12-0-0 Per Inch

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance.

WANTED

ANY PERSON willing to transfer his or her telephone, number beginning from 4, may kindly ring up 27900 or 45135.

(4220)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from male Scheduled Caste candidates to fill a post of Professor of Economics for a Government College in Bengal. Pay: Rs. 150-700. Age: below 35. Qualifications: a First or Second Class Master's degree in Economics of an Indian University with at least 5 years' teaching experience or a good Honours degree of an English University with research qualifications. Full details may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Darjeeling personally or ON SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOP WITH A NINE PIES STAMP. Last date for receipt of applications in prescribed form together with treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 15th May, 1943. 4214

NOTICE

WANTED APPLICATION for the post of work charged Subordinate at Ahmedabad aerodrome. Pay Rs. 75 to Rs. 125 according to qualifications and experience. Post sanctioned upto 28th February, 1944; but is likely to be extended from year to year. Candidates must be Matriculates and hold a recognised Civil Engineering Diploma and should have at least 5 years practical experience. Applications with copies of testimonials and full details of qualifications and experience should reach the Aerodrome Officer, Ahmedabad on or before the 30th April, 1943.

AERODROME OFFICER,
Ahmedabad.
4210

G. I. P. RAILWAY

SUBURBAN TRAIN SERVICE

On the 20th and 22nd April, 1943, 358 Up Kalyan Local Train leaving Kalyan at 23-08 hrs. will run on Through line ex. Kurla to Bombay (Victoria) and WILL NOT HALT at CURREY ROAD, CHINCHPOKLI and SANDHURST ROAD.

(4225)

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE. (PURCHASE BRANCH)

Tender No. P/349/F

TENDERS ARE INVITED for supply of Diuretin B.P. & Hexamina B.P.

Tender forms which are not transferable, may be obtained on payment of Rs. 2/- per set, which amount is not refundable from the Deputy Controller of Purchase, Office of Director-General, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi or from the Deputy Assistant Director General, (Medical Stores) Medical Store Depot., Calcutta, Bombay, Madras or Lahore Cantt.

Payment should be made in cash or by money order quoting remitter's full address and the above tender number on the money order coupon.

Tenders will be received upto 4 p.m. on 19-5-43. 4213

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE

(PURCHASE BRANCH).

Tender No. P|13|G

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of:—

Bottles, Special, Stoppered, 2 oz. for 17,060 Nos.

Tender forms, which are not transferable, may be obtained on payment of Rs. 2|- per set, which amount is not refundable, from the Deputy Controller of Purchase, Office of the Director General, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi or from the Deputy Asst. Director General, (Medical Stores) Medical Store Depot, Calcutta, Bombay, Madras or Lahore Cantonment. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order, quoting remitter's full address and the above tender No. on the money order coupon.

Tenders will be received upto 4 P.M. on 16-5-43. (4218)

Public Notices

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Rs. 50 per month

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Assembly Rest House, NAGPUR.	Esplanade Maidan, Dhobi Talao, BOMBAY.	Staunton Road, POONA.

4040.

BOMBAY KERALEEYA SAMAJ

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Bombay Keraleeya Samaj will be held at 4 P.M. on SUNDAY 2nd May, 1943 at the King George English School, Hindu Colony, Dadar (G.I.P.)

V. E. VARUGHESE,
Hon. Secretary.
Dadar, 19-4-1943. (1340)

NOTICE

To

THE SHAREHOLDERS of the Khatau Makanji Spg. & Wvg. Co., Ltd

THE DIRECTORS of the Company have recently considered and approved of a scheme for the capitalization of a sum of Rs. 9,97,500|- out of the reserve fund of the Company and out of the sum so capitalized to issue and allot 9975 new ordinary shares of the Company of the face value of Rs. 100|- each as fully paid up for distribution among the existing 19950 ordinary shares of the Company in the proportion of one new ordinary share against two existing ordinary shares or one fractional certificate representing one half of a new ordinary share against one existing ordinary share of the Company, such new ordinary shares to rank in all respects 'pari passu' with the existing ordinary shares of the Company but not to participate in dividends payable out of profits earned by the Company upto 30th June, 1943. An extra ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be convened on the 1st day of June 1943 for considering and if thought fit passing the necessary resolutions for the above purpose.

Notice of the meeting will be posted to the shareholders in due course.

By order of the Board,
LALDAS TRIBHOWANDAS,
Secretary,
The Khatau Makanji Spg. & Wvg. Co., Ltd.
Bombay, 19th April 1943.
(4222)

TENDER NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES (Purchase Branch) Ahmedabad House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay is interested in the purchase of

975 Reams of Paper brown common 21-1|2" x 19 1|2" 63 lbs ream.

Parties interested in supplying the same can obtain tender No SY|89020|8A|4353 free of all charges from the above officer. Tenders will be received upto 4 P.M. on 23|4|43. (4215)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the public that in view of the retirement of Bhai Tikamdas Pritamdas from our firm, all powers of attorney granted by said Bhai Tikamdas to any person or persons, on behalf of the firm, stand as cancelled.

THE GANESH KHOPRA MILLS COY.,
Karachi.
15-4-43. (4216)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our clients Messrs. YUSUFALLI AMIJI & SONS are the sole and absolute owners of the Liberty Brass Iron and Mechanical Works, situate at No. 64-68, Undria Street, Bombay and the office premises of the said Works situate at Undria Street, Bombay, they having purchased the goodwill and stock-in-trade thereof from the previous owner thereof.

All persons are therefore hereby requested to deal and communicate in future with our clients in respect of the said Liberty Brass Iron and Mechanical Works.

Dated this 19th day of April, 1943.

SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT,
Attorneys for Yusufalli Amiji & Sons.
(4217)

Public Notices

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY.

Munitions Production Branch.
6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

"GOODS FROM U.S.A."

ATTENTION of users and importers requiring engineering goods from U.S.A. during 1943 and 1944 is drawn to Department of Supply letters, Co-ord|LL|01|43 of 25-3-43 and Co-ord|LL|02|43 of 25-3-43. Replies must be in the hands of the D.D.G. (Co-ordination), 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta before the 7th May, otherwise the goods cannot be included in the 1943-44 programme.

M. R. KOTHANDARAMAN,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.
(4211)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai CHANDOOBAI FATEHALLY DHOLKAWALLA, of Bombay Dawoodi Bohra Muslim inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim against or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, survivorship, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easements, residence, occupation or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, Bombay and to the undersigned at their office in Lalgir Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale may be completed without reference to such claim, if any, and the same will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground in the Khoti Estate of A. H. Wadia, Esq. containing by admeasurement 2673 square yards or thereabouts together with the chawl and Buildings standing thereon, situate at Kurla in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra and Registration District Bombay Suburban in Taluka South Salsette, District Bombay Suburban, bearing Entry No 2821, Survey No. 245, (non-agricultural) and admeasuring 12.75 Gunthas or thereabouts and Entry No. 2398, Survey No. 285, Hissa No. 1 (agricultural) and admeasuring 9 Gunthas or thereabouts and bearing Kurla Borough Municipality Station Ward premises Nos. 4, 5, 7|6A, 7A and bounded as follows i.e., on or towards the East by the property formerly of Bhimaji Jiwa but now partly by a road and partly by the property of Memon Joosab Kassum, on or towards the West by the property formerly of the late Mr. Justice Telang but now of Hormasji Master, on or towards the North by the property formerly of Bhimji Jiva but now partly by the property of Irani Ardeshir Jamshed and Murzban Ardeshir and partly by the property of Abdul Karim Sadriwalla, and on or towards the South by the property of Karsandas Goculdas.

Dated this 19th day of April, 1943.

JAMSEDJI RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4221)

Auction Sales

AUCTION SALE of 3 Bales of 4 F. Chistian, 2 Bales 4 F. Chowdry, and 4 Bales 289 F. Khanpur Cotton (damaged by fire and water) by M/s. BENNETT & CO. under instructions from the Insurance Co. concerned on TUESDAY, 20th instant, at 2-30 p.m (N. S. T.) at open jetha close to Sewree Cotton Exchange. Terms 25 per cent. deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

Commencing To-day 4-30 p.m.

CLARK GABLE
CHARLES LAUGHTON
2 Great Stars in
M.G.M.'s Greatest Thrill

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Daily at 4-30, 6-45 & 10 P.M.

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Coming!! *Coming!!*

Remember 23rd Friday

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A SELECT SERIAL RELEASE.

The Doubting Pairs that keep you laughing-howling

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Send /4/- stamps first to get the miraculously effective medicine of any Sexual Disorder free for trial to get fully convinced of their action before spending and avoid deception as at other places. For secret details send /4/- stamps for the book "Sexual Guide" (110 pages).

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It is regretted that restrictions and difficulties of distribution due to war conditions, have resulted in Virol, the well-known building-up and restorative food, being in short supply.

Virol is the favourite food supplement for children during the years of growth, and it is, therefore, to be hoped that the time is not too far distant when supplies can again be made available.

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Food Specialists
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CARAVAN

has a special appeal

THE REASON **It's air-conditioned which means extra flavour ... extra strength ... extra freshness. Caravans are the outstanding favourite of modern India. It's just about the most welcome Cigarette that all can possibly smoke and offer particularly these days.**

Better convince yourself..... better buy CARAVANS!

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ACI-C-33

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WE LEAVE IN HALF AN HOUR FOR CAPETOWN, SOUTH AFRICA....
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ONL
INCREDIBLE! I MUST GET TO A 'PHONE AND TELL NORVAK AT ONCE!
A
YOU ARE CERTAIN IT IS SAGE?
YES, NORVAK, IT IS SAGE... HE IS FLYING TO AFRICA, AND WITH HIM ARE TWO INSPECTORS OF SCOTLAND YARD! WHAT IS TO BE DONE?
SAGE MUST BE LIQUIDATED BEFORE HE LEADS THE WAY TO ARMSTRONG! TAKE THAT PLANE, PRATUNG! WHEN YOU SEE YOUR CHANCE, THEN KILL!

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MENSO

harmless surest remedy for missed menses of any cause use not in pregnancy causes miscarriage LIBERTY best birth control each Rs. 2, CATARACTO without operation cures cataract. All eye-diseases—Rs 2/- Dr C. Bhattacharjee Benares Popular Pharmacy Bomb Pharmacy Bombay

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